Alexandria DAILY Gazette, Commercial & Political.

VOL IX.] THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1809. 2604.

Joseph Mandeville,

CORNER OF KING and FAIRFAX STREETS.
ALEXANDRIA:

s received a considerable ad dition to his Stock,
AND OFFERS FOR SALE,
20 hogsheads, } 1st and 2d quality
20 barrels } Muscovado Sugars,
000 lb. Green Coffee
1-2 tons British Patent Shot, assorted
t No. 9.
10 bales Cotton.
10 casks first quality Goshen Cheese.
40 boxes Mould Candles.
15 bags clean heavy Pepper.
50 lb. Nutmegs.
casks London refined Saltpetre.
5 ditto Irish Glue.
mpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hy. Hyson Skin, and Padre Souchong Teas,
nter chests, boxes and cannisters—most hich are equal in quality to any ever im ed.
adeira, Port, Marsala, Sherry, Lisbon, Ten fe, and Malaga Wines.
few cases Medoc Claret.
naica, Windward-Island, and Norther- .
nac, Bordeaux and Pech Brandy.
olland and Country Gin.
sh and Country Whiskey.
hogsheads Cherry Bounce.
tailing Molasses, Havanna Honey,
ine and Cider Vinegar.
st Florence Oil in bottles and flasks,
af and Lump Sugars, Chocolate, Rice
& Common Barley, Basket Salt, Starch
Blue, Indigo, Mace, Cloves, Cassia, Pi-
o, Race and Ground Ginger, Cayenne
er, Capers, Mustard, Raisins, Almonds
nts, Madder, Allum, Copperas, Roll
stone, Chalk, British and Brandywine
owder, Spanish Segars, Cavendish and
l Twist Chewing Tobacco, Leiper's
tt's, and Hamilton's Snuff, Writing and
pping Paper, Playing Cards, Red Cord
Lines, &c. &c.
tober 18.

PROPOSALS,

BY
IMBER AND CONRAD,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
AND
MES KENNEDY, SENIOR,
ALEXANDRIA,
For publishing by Subscription,
A GENERAL COLLECTION
OF
YAGES AND TRAVELS;
ing a complete History, of the Origin Progress of Discovery, by Sea and nd, from the earliest ages to the present e. Preceded by an Historical Introduc-, and Critical Catalogue of Books yages and Travels: And illustrated rned with numerous Engravings.

BY JOHN PINKERTON,
THOR OF MODERN GEOGRAPHY, &c.

CONDITIONS.
e work will be handsomely printed, in , on a fine paper and with a new type; ll be put to press as soon as a sufficient r of subscribers is obtained.
s expected the work will be completed or twelve volumes, each containing be- eight and nine hundred pages of letter besides several elegant engravings.
uarter of a volume, or one number, is ed to be published en the first day of month, at 2 dollars, payable on delive- non-subscribers the price will be con- ly enhanced.
st of the names of such as patronise this e work by subscription, will be pub- n the last volume.
The English edition sells at 14 dollars ne.
SUBSCRIPTIONS received by JAMES DR, senior, Alexandria.

hirty Dollars Reward.

N AWAY from the subscriber living in Loudoun county, (Virginia,) near rg, on the evening of the 9th instant, slave named SAM, calls himself *umphrey*, of a black complection, feet 4 or 5 inches high, supposed to t 25 or 26 years of age, has a small his upper lip, is apt to lisp or stam- his speech. He took with him a dark lored full linsey coat, waistcoat and o- the coat has a chesnut brown cloth nc waistcoat is lined with coarse tow Also, one pair of copperas ground o- and waistcont, with small stripes, blue te, one pair of check overalls and waistcoat, red and white; one tow ne pair of calve skin shoes, and thread gs, a new wool hat. I will give the a- ward if taken out of this state, and bro't r 15 dollars if secured so that I get in Twenty dollars if taken in this d brought home, or ten dollars if ne county and brought home, together sonable charges to be paid by me.
Conrad Bitzer.
law3tf
nber 14.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.
A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day——All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.
P. G. Marsteller, V. M.

THE INTRIGUES
OF
The Queen of Spain
WITH THE
Prince of Peace and others.
Written by a Spanish Nobleman and Patriot, who alone can be acquainted with the intrigues and amors of the above personages.
For sale by
Cottom & Stewart.
August 11.

FINE PASTURE.

WE will be ready in about ten days to furnish butchers and others, Pasturage on our island, for any number of cattle not exceeding 100.
Philip Alexander,
John Luke.
July 29. d

FRESH FRUIT.

The subscriber has just received and offers for sale,
Malaga Raisins in kegs,
Muscatel and Bloom Raisins in boxes.
ALSO,
36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.
James Patton.
April 19.

TO HIRE,

By the month or year,
A Negro Man, *a sailor.*—He will be hired low if taken by the year.
Enquire of the Printer.
July 29.

FOR SALE,

50 hogsheads SUGAR,
150 bags COFFEE,
10 hogsheads Antigua RUM,
40 bales best COTTON.
Joseph Riddle.
July 10. d

Joseph Mandeville,

CORNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,
Has Received,
100 half boxes Rouſett's CIGARS warranted for the very first quality and full contents.
Real Maccouba Snuff,
Rappee do. Coarse and Fine,
20 boxes fresh MUSTARD,
20 Philadelphia CHOCOLATE, 1st and 2d quality.
HE HAS ALSO,
A General Assortment as usual of good WINES, LIQUORS, and GROCERIES for sale.
Dec. 2.

TO RENT,

A convenient and well finished BRICK HOUSE, at the head of King-street and near to good water. Apply to
James Sanderson.
August 30. d

NOTICE.

BENJAMIN DULANY, sen. esq. having by his indenture of assignment, dated the eighth day of the present month, conveyed to me all his estate, real, personal and mixed, except the Bank Stock and money in deposit now standing in his name, in trust for certain purposes therein mentioned:—This is therefore to give notice to all tenants and others holding property under lease or otherwise, from, or belonging to the said Benjamin Dulany, sen. esq. or who are in any wise indebted to him, that he or they are hereafter to pay and account for the same, to me only or my order.
Daniel F. Dulany.
Sept 11. 1m.

WANTED,

Two or three apprentices to the Biscuit-baking business. Enquire at this office, or to J. Butts, Water street.
September 29. d6t

Wanted to Purchase or Hire,
A GOOD MALE COOK.
Apply the Printer.
September 21. d.

☞ Night School.

THE subscriber acquaints the ladies and gentlemen of Alexandria, that on MONDAY next, the second of October, he will commence his Night School, on moderate terms. He takes this opportunity of returning his most grateful acknowledgments for the very liberal encouragement he has already received, and hopes for a continuance thereof.
Abraham Walker.
September 29. d2w

Baltimore College Lottery.

On Monday the 2d day of Oct. tickets will advance in price to Eleven Dollars.

Present price, whole Tickets	10 50
Half do.	5 50
Quarter do.	3 00

For sale by
R. Gray.
September 23.

JAMES BACON

Begs leave to inform his former customers and friends, that he has
Recommenced the Grocery Business,
At his Store on King near Washington-street.
WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,
A well chosen assortment of goods, in that line,
Warranted genuine, particularly his
TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS,
Which are of a superior quality—He will dispose of each and every article on the most moderate terms.
May 2. dtf.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, by virtue of a deed of trust dated on the third day of September, 1807, from John Bogue to himself, Ludwell Lee and Charles Alexander, will, on TUESDAY, the 14th of November next, at four o'clock of that day, at the tavern of Benjamin Thornton, in the town of Leesburg, & county of Loudoun, proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for ready money,
A Tract of Land,
in the county of Loudoun, on the north side of the main road from Leesburg to Alexandria, and about one quarter of a mile to the eastward of Goose Creek, containing 114 acres, which land is in the possession of the said John Bogue, or so much thereof as will pay the expences of the sale and the sum of 143 dollars and 33 cents, with interest due by the said Bogue to Mrs. Frances Alexander, administratrix of Charles Alexander, esquire, deceased, and the further sum of 286 dollars and 66 cents, with interest thereon, due to the heirs of the said Charles Alexander.
Edmund J. Lee,
Trustee.
September 19. dts

THE SUBSCRIBER

Informs his friends and the public in general, that he has purchased and means to keep a general supply of
Excellent Bacon, pickled Pork,
smoked and pickled Salmon, spiced Salmon in kegs, Nova Scotia smoked Herrings in boxes, Hogs Lard, Butter, Cheese, corn Meal, and table Codfish—all of which he will sell in large or small quantities, as may suit the purchasers.
Together with all kinds of
Groceries and Fruit as usual.
ALSO,
First quality Cavendish chewing Tobacco, Spanish Cigars, market and clothes Baskets.
A WILLIS;
Who has just received from New Providence, and for sale,
Two excellen Green Turtles,
of about 70lbs. each:
13,000 Limes, 150 Cocoa NUTS.
October 3: 4tf

PRIME NEW YORK *PORK,*

FOR SALE BY
Trueman Brashears.
August 26.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY R. GRAY,
One elegant London made Patent PIANO FORTE, with additional Keys to C and Pedal.
One plain do. with additional Keys and Pedal.
ON HAND,
One plain home-made do. a little used.
August 9.

MOLASSES.

20 hogsheads RETAILING MOLASSES, for sale by
Joseph Mandeville,
Corner of King and Fairfax streets.
June 10.

ROSE HILL FOR SALE.

This healthy, beautiful, and well improved SEAT is now offered for sale.
It contains 400 acres, 150 of which are in wood. No land is better adapted to the use of Plaister of Paris, and there is some very valuable meadow land upon it.
For terms apply to W. H. Foote, esq. upon the premises, or to the subscriber in Charles county, Maryland.
Benjamin Dulany, jr.
September 14. d

John G. Ladd,

Has just received and offers for sale,
30 chests Imperial and Young Hyson Teas, of the ship Arthur's cargo imported in June last.
ALSO,
2 pipes & half pipes choice old Port Wine.
10 boxes ladies' Morocco Shoes.
200 casks fresh Stone Lime.
August 22.

Just Received, and now offered for sale,

A few Pots W. India Sweetmeats, viz.
Orange Peal, Mamey Apple, Pine Apple, Ginger. } IN POTS.
Guava Jelly in pots and boxes.
Tamarinds.
Excellent Lemons in boxes.
Limes, and Oranges.
Smoaked and pickled Salmon.
Sounds and Tongues.
Pickling Vinegar, and Groceries as usual.
Thos. Patten.
August 22.

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,
Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity,
A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,
Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to
John Longden.
May 13.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the western country, will sell the FARM on which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles from Alexandria, 9 from George Town ferry, and about the same from the Potomac bridge crossing to the city of Washington—in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, containing about 470 acres, on which is a convenient dwelling house, large enough for a genteel family, together with all the outhouses suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of apple trees of selected fruit, together with different other fruit trees, a proportion of improved meadow for the scythe, and a large portion more may easily be made. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by application to Mr. John Dulin, adjoining the said farm, or the subscriber on the premises.
E. Dulin.
June 2. dtf

For Lisbon,
THE FAST SAILING SHIP
UNITED STATES,
George Barnett, Master:
Will sail in a few days, having a considerable part of the cargo engaged. For freight of the balance, or further particulars, apply to
Marsteller & Young.
September 25. dtf

Now Landing,

From on board the sloop *Montezuma*, Captain Palmer, at Merchants wharf,
150 barrels first and second quality *Muscovado Sugars.*
21 bales New Orleans and Georgia *Cotton*—and
20 tierces *New Rice:*
For sale on accommodating terms, by
Newton Keene.
October 4. d3t

505 Acres of Land for Sale.

I WISH TO SELL the above quantity of LAND, situated near the road leading from Georgetown to Alexandria, and about an equal distance from each town.
This property is fully one half covered with wood, which will render it an advisable purchase, on the terms that I will sell it.
George H. Terrett, Esq will shew the land to any gentleman who wishes to see it, and will give me information thereof.
George H. Chapman.
October 4. d1m

NOTICE.

I hereby forewarn all persons from passing through, hunting, or in any manner trespassing, on my lands in Fairfax and Alexandria counties, as I am determined to put the law in force against all offenders.
C. F. Whiting.
October 3 d3t

FOR SALE,

A NEGRO WOMAN.
SHE is a good Cook, Washer and Ironer, and will be sold low for cash or on a short credit. Apply to the Printer.
Sept. 30.

Attention to Fortune Hunters,

And Possession will be given immediately—any day.

I WISH to sell, the unexpired leas of 8 years, from the 10th day of December next, in the elegant and commodious HOTEL I now occupy in Alexandria. This establishment is justly celebrated as affording the best accomodations on the continent, and to a man of attention and abilities in the line of his profession, cannot fail to yield a handsome fortune. The proximity of this property to the seat of government, being but about six miles from the capitol, over the Potomac Bridge, the growing importance of Alexandria, and the increase of the business of the house since the residence of the present occupant, all conspire to prove, that there is not a more eligible situation in the United States.
Attached to the tavern, is a well conducted coffee house, supported by a respectable subscription.
Together with an insurance office.
There are at present twenty four yearly boarders of the first respectability, in the hotel.
The whole house is elegantly furnished, and to a person who takes the lease, the greater part of the furniture will be sold on the most reasonable terms.
William Caton.
September 20.

Five Dollars *Reward.*

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the subscriber living on the main road leading from George Town to Alexandria, about the time of the camp meeting in Fairfax county, a likely bright bay HORSE, nearly 15 hands high, a little lame in his left fore leg, which may be easily discovered after riding. He has a small white spot in his forehead and is unshod. Whoever takes up said horse and returns him to me, or gives such information as will enable me to get him again, shall receive the above reward.
Augustine Alexander.
September 23—25.

☞ *Printing in all its variety neatly executed at this office.*

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 6 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5.

From the Philadelphia Register.

The strict coincidence of events with the oll owing prophecy, made one hundred and eighty-nine years since, and which we copy, *literatim*, from one of a regular file of the *New-York Post-Boy*, of March 11th, 1744, published upwards of sixty-five years ago, will not only amuse the most credulous, but astonish the most sceptical minds. An article written at the present moment, could not more clearly designate what has happened.—*Editor Register.*

From the New-York Post-Boy, of March 11, 1744.

The following Prophecy of JOHANNES LICHTENBERG, a Carthusian Monk, well versed in Astronomy, who lived about the year 1620, may perhaps divert some of your readers, and for that end I have endeavored to put it into an English dress.

[THE ORIGINAL.]

1.
Wanneer den Arend sich sal aen de Lely binden,
Dan sa men haest de val van't weeligh Roomen vinden;
Der Vrancken Koningh dan sijn vleugels soover recht,
Dat hy gantsch Duytsland voor Bescherrem Heer verstreckt.

2.
De Vorsten die in 't Noord, en naer de middagh woonen,
Die sullen tot sijn will ghewilligh sich vertoonen;
Dan sal een yder met verwonderen besien.
Wat vreemde dingen dat in't Duytsche Rijk gheschien.

3.
De Kerken, die dus lang in dwangh besloten waren,
Zyn vry, men hoort'or weer het suyvere verklaren
Van 't heylighe gheloof: de Pausselijcke Macht
Is uyt, en door God's roe geheel tot niet ghebracht.

4.
Dan sal de Tooren van Kastilien oock beven
Hier komt de kloecke Leeuw sijn heylich Boeck ons gheven;
Nu trildt een machtigh Huys en waggelt tot een val,
Dan roept men heel verhencht: 't is Vrede over al.

[THE TRANSLATION.]

1.
When e'er the Eagle and the Lilly join,
You then will see the Papal Power decline;
The French King then with Wings extended wide,
Shall seem to every German Prince a Guide.

2.
The North and Western Powers will submit
To shape their conduct as that King thinks fit;
Then shall each one with wonder and surprize,
View what strange things in Germany arise.

3.
The Church, which long in slavery remain'd,
Has now at last its liberty obtain'd;
While through God's wrath the Hierachy of Rome
Is quite o'erturn'd, and met its fatal doom.

4.
Then shall the Spanish Monarchy be seen
To tremble at the fiercer Lion's mien:
A mighty House on Ruin's brink shall stand;
Then happy Peace shall soon possess the Land.

From the New York Evening Post.

IT seems to have been part of col. Burr's policy, now universally acknowledged, to mention or insinuate that persons, who were supposed to have influence, were concerned in his plans, for the purpose of impressing his hearers with an high idea of his resources. With this view, it appears that he spoke in Kentucky of drawing upon me for large sums of money. My credit there he knew stood high, and that nothing would impress the public with a better idea of his fiscal operations, than a persuasion that I was his banker. This report reached the ears of Mr. Graham, who was employed to collect all the information on this subject, and transmit it to the executive, and he faithfully detailed it, with the suspicions it excited. Finding, however, that they were without the slightest foundation on my part, voluntarily retracted them, and endeavored to counteract the effect his former communication was calculated to produce. This appears by the following letter addressed, to me, when Mr. Graham was about to leave the territory.

New Orleans, 13th May, 1807.

DEAR SIR,

I regret exceedingly that I have not had an opportunity of explaining to you in person what I am now about to put on paper. You will no doubt have heard that I was directed by government to transmit them from the western country any information I might be able to collect there, relative to the plans, resources, &c. of colonel Burr. When in Lexington, I was told by Mr. Alexander Parker and others of that place, that colonel Burr had stated that he was authorised to draw to the amount of $200,000. In consequence I wrote to Mr. Madison, from Lexington, as follows: "It is stated, with what truth I know not, that colonel Burr was authorised to draw on Mr. Daniel Clark, of N. Orleans, for $200,000. I believe it is certain that he proposed to draw on that gentleman, and finding that bills on Orleans could not be negociated, said he would order his funds round to New York, and wrote accordingly to the house of Chew and Relf, who are agents and partners of Mr. Clark." I took the earliest occasion after my arrival here to mention this subject to Mr. Relf, and in consequence of the conversation I had with him, I wrote to Mr. Madison as follows: "Since my arrival here Mr. Relf (my friend Mr. Chew being absent) gives me the most positive assurances, that they never had any funds in their hands liable to the order of col. Burr. He urged me to look at Mr. Clark's account on their books, which I did, and now take the earliest occasion to say, that I saw no item in that account, which induced me to believe that Mr. Clark has advanced any money to colonel Burr. Mr. Alexander Parker, of Lexington, told me that Burr had offered to draw on Mr. Clark; and colonel Lynch mentioned, as I was told by Mr. Jordan and Mr. Hunt that he had forwarded the letter to Chew and Relf from colonel Burr, ordering his funds round to New York. The probability I think is, that this supposed letter was nothing more than a cover for colonel Burr's communications for Bollman, which were directed to the house of Chew and Relf, and delivered by them to general Wilkinson." I trust you will see, sir, from these extracts of my letters to Mr. Madison, that I have endeavored faithfully to perform my duty, both to the government and to yourself. Should you consider any further explanation necessary or desirable, a letter addressed to me, at the city of Washington, to the care of Daniel Brent, will probably reach me. I shall probably have the pleasure of seeing you next winter at the city; if not, I know not when we shall meet, for I leave this country without the expectation of returning.

With sentiments of great regard,
I have the honor to be,
Your most obedient servant,
(Signed) JOHN GRAHAM.
The Hon. DANIEL CLARK.

It is extraordinary that the affidavit of the writer of this letter, relative to facts before its date, should be resorted to as evidence to confirm suspicions which he there so explicitly disavows. This affidavit being relied on, and I therefore break the thread of my narrative to insert it, that it may be compared with the letter, and that the reader may perceive on what correct inferences the suspicions against me are endeavored to be hung.

MR. GRAHAM'S EVIDENCE.

[*Interrogated by gen. Wilkinson.*]

Quest. Did Daniel Clark, of New Orleans, ever acknowledge as a communication from himself, the paper now produced by you from the department of state endorsed "History of the trade of Louisiana," an extract of which was published in the president's message of the — day of January, 1808?

Answ. Mr. Clark once asked for that paper: he had it in his hands, and spoke of it as one transmitted by himself: he mentioned that it was in the hand writing of Mr. Chew, his clerk.

Quest. What conversation have you ever had with the said Daniel Clark concerning a Mexican expedition, or Burr's conspiracy?

Answ. There have some communications passed between Mr. Clark and myself, which I would not wish without an indispensable necessity to make public on account of their bearing upon some delicate points in relation to a foreign nation. I will, however, relate the substance of what passed, and leave it to the discretion of the court and the judge advocate to decide, whether it would necessarily advance the purpose of justice to use it as evidence, and under what reserves and restrictions as to the publicity to be given to it.

In the winter of 1805–6, while I was acting as the secretary of the Orleans territory, a gentleman of New-Orleans informed me that Mr. Daniel Clark, of that city, had some important information, which he wished to communicate to the government, but which he did not wish to communicate through governor Claiborne. This produced an acquaintance between Mr. Clark and myself. He gave me some papers, extracts of which I copied, and sent to the secretary of state. These papers related to the affair of Mexico, and gave rise to a conversation about that country.

Quest. Of what did those papers principally consist?

Ans. That is a part of the subject, which, I confess, I could have wished in particular not to speak of, as it might be disagreeable to Mr. Clark to have it known to the Spanish government he had been engaged in making such observations, while passing through their territory, as these papers seemed to indicate. I will, however, not hesitate to submit it to the discretion of the court, upon the principles before mentioned.

Among those papers were estimates of the military force of the country, both the regulars and the militia, particularly of the garrison towns between Vera Cruz and Mexico; also of the naval force at Vera Cruz. Mr. Clark, at the same time showed me the baron Humbold's statistical tables, in the Spanish language.

Quest. Had Mr. Clark then lately returned from a journey through the Spanish provinces?

Answ. I understood he had lately returned from Vera Cruz. I was induced, by the apparent probability of a war with Spain, and by belief that Mr. Clark's acquaintance with the situation of the country would enable him to give important information on the subject, to make several enquiries of Mr. Clark concerning Mexico. He was of opinion that it might be invaded with every prospect of success. I asked him whether, if the United States should undertake the invasion, he would bear a part? He evinced an unwillingness to have any thing to do with an expedition carried on by government, but expressed himself willing to join in such an enterprize, undertaken and carried on by individuals. He said, all they would want would be the permission, not the aid, of government; that they would cut off all communication with the country they left and establish a new empire of their own. He mentioned, hypothetically, addressing himself to me—Now suppose such a person as yourself should join in the expedition, you might be made a duke? I answered, that my republican notions would not allow me to aspire to any such situation, and that I would have nothing to do with any expedition not conducted by the government. Here the conversation on the subject ended. He asked several questions, what Burr was doing? Col. Burr had been in New-Orleans the summer preceding. I have endeavored to give a faithful statement rather of the substance and effect of what passed, without pretending to a minute detail of every circumstance as it occurred, or of the precise language used. It did not strike me, at the time, as evidencing the real existence of any such design, but as being the wild talk of an eccentric restless man. Afterwards, however, when I was informed at Lexington (Kentucky) that Burr had drawn bills to a large amount on Mr. Clark at N. Orleans, this circumstance combined itself in my mind with the preceding conversation, and appeared so suspicious that I wrote to the secretary of state the intelligence I received of the drawing of these bills. When I arrived at New-Orleans, and found that no such bills had been taken up by Chew and Relf, I became uneasy at the apprehension of raising unjust suspicions against Mr. Clark, by my former communication to the secretary of state, and I wrote a letter to Mr. Clark, at ——, informing him of the suspicious intelligence I had received at Lexington, of my proceeding thereupon, and assuring him of the satisfaction with which I had received, at New-Orleans, information doing away the grounds of suspicion.

In May, 1807, Mr. Clark arrived at N. Orleans. He took me one side, and said I would recollect he had formerly told me of the existence of the Mexican Society, and of doctor Watkins being a member. I denied his ever telling me so, and expressed my utter astonishment at being charged with being a member. He insisted that he had given me the information, but I was confident, and still am, that he never did. I recollect the surprise with which I first heard of the existence of the Mexican Society, which was subsequent to my former conversation with Mr. Clarke. Bleunerhasset was the first who told me of it. I proposed giving information of the charge made against him, to which Mr. Clarke seemed unwilling—I however did inform doctor Watkins who had some correspondence with Mr. Clark about it, but I do not know precisely how it ended. Mr. Clark at the same time remarked, that he would himself have nothing to do with the association, from which I understood that he had been applied to.

Ques. Did not Aaron Burr visit New-Orleans some time in the month of June, and leave there some time in the month of July, 1805? and was not Daniel Clark there at the same time?

Ans. Yes.

The first part of this deposition relates to a paper published in general Wilkinson's plain tale. (See Note No. 1.) It is an extract from a memoir sent by me to Mr. Secretary Pickering, in the year 1798, on the trade of New-Orleans with the country on the Ohio; and because in this paper I do not speak of the general's treason, he infers that I knew nothing of it. But I have a word or two of explanation to give on this point, which I believe will take away every argument to be drawn from it.

Shortly previous to this time I had been extremely active in protecting the Americans against the rapacity of the French privateers, and had used my influence with the Spanish government, with so much effect in their favor, that though I was not then an American citizen, capt. Guion the commander of the troops in the Missippi territory, and Mr. Ellicott the commissioner for establishing the boundary, wrote to gov. Gayoso, requesting that I might be allowed to exercise the functions of consul until one should be appointed by the president. This was granted. I prosecuted the owners of French privateers, put an end to their depredations in that quarter, and succeeded in obtaining from the Spanish government the reduction of duties on imports in American vessels, from 21 per cent. on dry goods, and 26 per cent. on liquors, to 6 per cent. I thought it my duty not only to act, but to give information to the government which employed me; and I therefore wrote the memoir in question. Major (now col.) Freeman of the American army, was then my guest, and was to be the bearer of the memoir in question.

My new official order induced me at first, (I confess) to entertain the idea of inserting all I knew of the general's Spanish connexion. *I hinted this to col. Freeman; who told me that he would deem it improper to take charge of any paper containing reflections on his commanding officer.* This, and the reflection that I was writing a mere history of the commerce of the Mississippi, and not an account of political crimes, induced me to be silent on the subject at that time; and the generals subsequent assurances, as detailed in my affidavit, which took place very soon after, prevented my mentioning the subject afterwards, until I had reason to believe that he continued the connexion which he then promised to break, and until I was called on by my country to make the disclosure.

The affidavit then states, that on my return from my first voyage to La Vera Cruz in the winter of 1806, I communicated to Mr. Graham, then secretary of the territory, important information as to the military and naval force in Mexico; and also Baron Humbold's statistical views; and that the interview, in which this information was communicated, was sought by myself. Astonishing!—the country was supposed to be on the eve of a war with Spain, and I, with the most traiterous intentions, sent for the second officer in the territory (not being able to communicate with the first) and there wickedly gave information, that might be of the greatest use to my country in the approaching contest.

And this is the evidence that is to convict me of being engaged in an attempt to overturn the constitution. As to the cock and bull story of the conquest of Mexico, and Mr. Graham's being made a duke, I am persuaded it will make as little impression on the public, as Mr. Graham confesses it did on him, and though the story of the bills made him revert to this circumstance, yet when satisfied on this point, he tells us in his affidavit, that "he became uneasy at the apprehension of being instrumental in raising *unjust suspicions* against me, and that he had written the letter above quoted, assuring me of the satisfaction with which he had received at New Orleans information *doing away those suspicions.*" As to the latter part of the deposition, all I can say is, that I have a most perfect recollection of having given Mr. Graham the information therein referred to—Since he does not recollect it, it must have escaped his memory. But it is in no sort material whether I gave the information or not. It is proved that I induced col. Bellechase to

...bsequent to my former conver-
...r. Clarke. Blennerhassett was
...told me of it. I proposed giv-
...on of the charge made against
...h Mr. Clarke seemed unwilling
... did inform doctor Watkins
...me correspondence with Mr.
...it, but I do not know precisely
... Mr. Clark at the same time
...at he would himself have to-
...ith the association, from which
... that he had been applied to.
...id not Aaron Burr visit New-
...e time in the month of June,
...re some time in the month of
... and was not Daniel Clark
...ame time?

...art of this deposition relates to
...ished in general Wilkinson's
...See Note No. 1.) It is an ex-
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...ring, in the year 1798, on the
...v-Orleans with the country ou
...d because in this paper I do
...the general's treason, he infers
... nothing of it. But I have a
... of explanation to give on this
... I believe will take away every
...be drawn from it.
...evious to this time I had been
...tive in protecting the Ameri-
...the rapacity of the French pri-
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...rnment, with so much effect in
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... of consul until one should be
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...*of any paper containing reflec-*
...*commanding officer.* This, and
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...ed in my affidavit, which took
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...as called on by my country to
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...r in the territory (not being a-
...unicate with the first) and then
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...s the evidence that is to convict
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... given Mr. Graham the infor-
...n referred to—Since he does
...it, it must have escaped his
...ut it is in no sort material whe-
...e information or not. It is
... induced col. Bellechasse to

give it; and that so far from being engaged in the plan, I used all the influence I possessed to counteract and defeat it, as soon as the thing came to my knowledge.

(To be continued.)

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5.

The schr. Alert, capt. M'Kenzie, of this port, was spoken Sept. 10, lat. 30, 16, N. long. 83, 6, W. 18 days out, by capt. Gilr ford, who arrived at Portland.

MARYLAND ELECTIONS.

On Monday last the election for Delegates to the next General Assembly took place in the different counties of Maryland. The following gentlemen composing the federal ticket were elected for Prince George county.

John C. Herbert,
Charles S. Perrie,
— Magruder,
and
Edward Calvert.
} *Esqrs.*

The contest was one of the warmest ever witnessed in the state of Maryland, and the majority was only 40.

Mr. ERSKINE on Monday presented his letters of recal, and took leave of the President: and Mr. JACKSON was yesterday presented to him.

[*Nat. Intel. October* 4.]

BALTIMORE, *October* 3.

Arrived, schr. Trim, M. S. Bunbury, from Messina and Gibraltar, 26 days.

The Spaniards and French had a severe action within 7 leagues of Seville the 22d August. The French army consisted of 30,000 men—the result was not known at Gibraltar the 27th August.

Cuesta and some other Spanish generals have resigned, and the command of the Spanish army given to sir Arther Wellesley. The reason the Spanish generals give for resigning, is, that they could not depend on their men. Either gen. Cuesta or Romana was at Algezir as the 27th of August as a private gentleman and some of the Junta have returned to their homes.

Captain B. says that the above was bro't express to Gibraltar; he received it from an English officer. But it was not in the papers. However Captain B. brought only one Gibraltar paper.

RUSSIAN CONSULATE.

No. 69, Orange Street, Boston.

This is to inform the merchants, and all concerned, that no American ships will be admitted into any of the ports of Russia, not excepting her colonies on the North West Coast of America, without a proper certificate and bill of health, from the Russian Consulate residing in Boston.

Boston, Sept. 26, 1809.

An Indian Cure for the Bite of a Snake.

From experience on myself and others, I assert the herb *Sinacle* to be a speedy cure for the bite of a Snake—When immediately applied it will kill or extract the poison, so that it will be no more than the sting of a wasp—the place must be scarified, the root chewed or pounded, and applied to the bite and some eaten. If it be some time before it can be procured and the swelling increased it will take a larger quantity and more to be taken internally, and it will have the desired effect. It is one of the first plants which appear in the spring, and not unlike to crow' foot, it rises to six inches high, is distinguished from all others by its dark green color; it rises in a bunch with five notched leaves on each stalk, is smooth on both sides, it shoots to seed in the last of May, grows knee high when seeded—the leaves on each seed stalk are more pointed than others; each branch bears three or more burrs, which will adhere to cloth when ripe; the root of the seed stalk dies with the stalk—it perhaps does not seed till three years old. The root in which the virtue lies, is fibrous and grows on all sides from a small bulb, is of a blackish color, has a spicy taste and smell; the root when dried will answer the purpose. It grows in rich timbered land and never among grass. The Mississippi and Missouri bottoms abound with it—I believe it is not bound to a certain latitude.

DAVID ROBINSON.

Fort Osage, August 12*th*, 1809.

AISSZE OF BREAD

Made of Superfine Burr Flour.

	CENTS.
The 8 pound loaf to be sold for	38
4 pound loaf	19
2 pound loaf	10
1 pound loaf	5

JAME HARRIS,
Clerk of the Market.

October 5.

Articles of Association,

For the establishment of a TRADING COMPANY *within the town of Alexandria, to be denominated*

The Linen Importing Company of Alexandria.

Art. 1.—The declared and principal object of this *Association*, is to introduce for Sale by the bale or package to the town of Alexandria, from different parts of Europe, Linens of different descriptions, and particularly German and Irish Linens.

Art. 2.—The Capital Stock of the Company shall consist of *one hundred and fifty thousand* dollars, to be divided into three thousand shares of *fifty dollars* each, and to be payable in the following manner, viz. two dollars to be paid at the time of subscribing, sixteen dollars when called for by the directors, sixteen dollars in not less than six months thereafter, and the remaining sixteen dollars in not less than six months from the date of the preceeding payment.

Art. 3.—As soon as one thousand shares of the said Capital Stock shall have been subscribed for, a meeting of the Stockholders shall be called by public notice in the Alexandria Newspaper, to meet in the said town at the Court House, either in person, or by attorney duly authorised: At which meeting the Stockholders, either personally, or thro' their attorneys, shall elect by ballot, six of their own body to act as Directors of the said Company for one year. At such meeting each subscriber shall be entitled to as many votes as he may hold shares. Similar elections shall take place annually on the same day or on the day following (in case of its being Sunday) during the existence of this association. But no stockholder shall vote at any election, upon stock, upon which there shall be due and unpaid any arrearages of the payments called for.

Art 4.—The Directors when so appointed shall proceed without delay, to choose from their own body or the list of stockholders, a President, who shall in the manner hereby declared, conduct the affairs of the Company for one year and who shall be allowed for his services, out of the funds of the said Company, a salary to be fixed by the said Directors previous to his election, and to commence upon the arrival of the first Goods that may be imported, or sooner if the Directors shall so decide. In case of vacancy in the direction at any time by death, resignation, or otherwise, such vacancy shall immediately be filled by the board of President and Directors; and in the same manner shall be filled any vacancy which may arise in consequence of the death or resignation of the Pres't The board of Pres't & Directors shall from time to time choose such clerks & other servants of the Company, as they may think necessary, and make reasonable allowance to the same for their services.

Art. 5. The board of President and Directors shall have power to appropriate the funds of the Company in such manner as they may think proper, and generally to do and perform all lawful acts, not inconsistent with the fundamental articles of this association. But, they shall at no time have contracted in the Company's name, for the payment of monies exceeding in amount the actual capital called in, unless it be by a particular order, sanctioned by the president and two thirds of the Directors, or by the whole number of Directors, nor shall the President and Directors have authority to contract debts in the name of the Company, so as to owe at any time a greater sum than $75,000, exclusive of their duty bonds and premiums of insurance.

Art. 6.—A President and three Directors shall constitute a board for the transaction of ordinary business, but a concurrence of four Directors with the President, shall be necessary to the appropriation of monies in the first instance for the purchase of Goods or Produce of any kind. The President shall have power under the control of the board, to transact all the business of the Company in relation to the management and sale of Goods, and receipt or recovery of monies due.

Art. 7.—The board of President and Directors shall from time to time declare a Dividend of so much of the profits of the business as they shall deem advisedble. A statement of the affairs of the Company shall once in each year, at least, at a period to be fixed by the President and Directors be submitted to the inspection of the Stockholders. No question shall be agitated at the board touching a dividend of profits, or appropriation of money in the purchase of Goods, without notice thereof having been given at a preceeding board.

Art. 8.—The Stock of the Company shall be transferable on their books, but no dividend can at any time be claimed upon stock, the different instalments due or called for not having been fully paid up thereupon. It being clearly to be understood, that the dividends are to be made among the stockholders, in proportion to the payments they shall have actually made, and that no dividends whatsoever can be required by a stockholder until the different instalments which have been called for, shall have been paid up.

Art. 9.—It shall be the duty of the President and Directors to have full insurance effected on all goods or funds imported or exported by the Company.

Art. 10.—This association shall continue until the first day of January, eighteen hundred and sixteen, and afterwards until a majority of the stockholders shall decide, at a special meeting, to put an end to it. After such decision, no further purchases shall be made; but it shall be the duty of the President and Directors for the time being, to close the business of the company as speedily as circumstances will permit. A dissolution may at any previous time take place, if decided on by the holders of two thirds of the whole stock, at a special meeting, to be called by the President and Directors at their own instance, or on the application of the holders of at least one third of the whole stock, after six weeks notice being given in the Alexandria newspaper.

Art. 11—The books of subscription for shares in this institution, shall be opened on the 23d day of October, present, under the direction of *James H. Hooe, John Janney, Jacob Hoffman, Charles Bennett, and Cuthbert Powell,* of which public notice shall be given in the Alexandria newspaper. In case the whole number of shares shall not be subscribed for on that day, the President and directors shall have authority to open the books afterwards at their pleasure.

October 5, 1809. 2aw3w

THE SUBSCRIBER

HAS lately taken the convenient house on the corner of St. Asaph and Duke streets; where he will recieve a few GENTEEL BOARDERS, by the month or quarter, or pupils for the Academy, as it is so convenient to that seminary, and having one already entered am induced to apply for a few more.

Richard H. Payne.

October 5. eo3t*

Diffolution of Partnerfhip.

THE copartnership of NORMAN WALLER *and Co was this day dissolved by mutual consent: Those having claims against said firm, are requested to present them for settlement; and those indebted to said concern will make payment to William and Withers Waller, who are duly authorized to receive and grant receipts for the same. The business in future will be transacted by and in the name of WILLIAM and WITHERS WALLER.*

Norman Waller & Co.

Aquia, September 20, 1809.
(Oct. 5.) 2aw3w

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the Stockholders in the George-Town and Alexandria Turnpike Road Company, are requested to pay an instalment of Ten Dollars on each share on MONDAY the 16th of October next, to William Whann, the Treasurer at the Bank of Columbia.

By order of the Board,
JOHN MASON, *Pres'nt.*

sept. 15.

CASH

Will be given for a few likely young NEGROES.

Apply at the
Indian Queen Tavern.

September 30. 2aw3t*

NOTICE.

THE subscriber by virtue of a deed of trust from Edward Gantt of Fairfax county to him dated 13th of October 1807; will sell at public auction for Cash, at the subscribers tavern, Fairfax County, Va. on the 21st Oct. 1809,

Three likely young Negro Men,

deeded to the subscriber in trust by the aforesaid Edward Gantt, for the payment of a debt due from the said Edward Gantt, to Henry Gantt of Jefferon County, Va.

James Wiley.

7th September.—3taw2w.

SEINE ROPE.

THE subscriber manufactures and has for sale, at his house on Washington-street, opposite *Jacob Hoffman's* sugar refinery, Seine and Hauling Ropes, of all sizes; Seine & Sewing Twine; Shad & Herring Twine; Sacking and Bed Cords, Plough Lines & Traces. *Also*, Tarred Rope and other Cords.

Joseph Harper.

February 2,

☞ *Palmer's* Packet will sail for NORFOLK on *Saturday* next, 7th instant.

September 5.

ALEXANDRIA THEATRE.

POSITIVELY THE LAST NIGHT.

ON THURSDAY EVENING,
OCTOBER 5,
WILL BE PRESENTED,
A celebrated COMEDY in five acts,
CALLED
THE ROAD TO RUIN.
Written by Holcroft.

Dornton,	Mr. M'Kenzie.
Harry Dornton,	Cone.
Mr. Sulky,	Francis.
Mr. Silky,	Blissett.
Goldfinch,	Jefferson.
Milford,	Miller.
Mr. Smith,	Briers.
Hosier,	Cross.
Sheriff's Officer,	Harris.
Tradesmen,	Messrs Jacobs, Wilmot, &c.
Jacob,	Harris.
Post Boy,	Master Scrivener.
Widow Warren,	Mrs. Francis.
Sophia,	Wood.
Jenney,	Seymour.
Mrs. Ledger,	Mrs. Petit.

To which will be added
A Grand Dramatic Romance, in two acts,
CALLED,
BLUE-BEARD;
OR,
FEMALE CURIOSITY.
Written by George Coleman Esq.
The Scenery, Machinery, Dresses and Decorations, entirely new.

Abomelique, (Blue-Beard,)	Mr. Cross.
Ibrahim,	Francis.
Selim, (lover of Fatima,)	Wilmot.
Shackabac,	Jefferson.
Hassan,	Briers.
Fatima, (betroth'd to Blue Beard)	Mrs. Wilmot.
Irene, (sister to Fatima,)	Seymour.
Beda,	Jacobs.

SCENE. I.

TURKISH VILLAGE.

Abomelique's train is seen descending the mountain bearing banners &c.

Blue Beard riding on an Elephant,
A MAGNIFICENT PALANQUIN,
Drawn by slaves; the procession closed in by guards.

Villagers, Mrs. Petit, Miss Petit, &c.

ACT SECOND,
SCENE I

A Wood. Ambuscade of Saphis.

First Saphi,	Mr. Jacobs.
2d Saphi,	Blissett.
3d Saphi,	Harris.
4th Saphi,	Miller.

MAGIC CHAMBER.

When Fatima puts the key in the enchanted door, it vanishes and discovers the interior of a Sepulchre: Ghastly and supernatural forms appear: In the centre, a large Skeleton seated on a tomb, over his head, in characters of blood is written the *PUNISHMENT OF CURIOSITY.*

Magic Skeleton, Mr. Harris.

Outside of the Castle of Abomelique, with Turrets, Corridor, &c. Inside of the Sepulchre. As Abomelique raises his scymiter to strike Fatima, the back of the sepulchre is beat down. Fight between Selim and Abomelique.

Death and Overthrow of Abomelique.

☞ Box one dollar—Pitt three-quarters of a dollar—Gallery half a dollar—Children's Tickets to the Boxes half a dollar.

*** Tickets to be had at the office of Mr. Snowden, at Mr. Caton's, and at the Theatre.

†† Doors will open at six—curtain rise a quarter before seven o'clock.

TO RENT,

TWO STORES, on King-street, & three on Royal-street, with good cellars under the whole—they will be let together or separate as may best suit those who wish to occupy them, as they may be all connected together a family may be conveniently accommodated—the stands are equal if not superior to any in the town.

ALSO,

A convenient DWELLING HOUSE, on St. Asaph-street, between Duke and Prince-streets. This situation is healthy, with a good garden and well of good water in the yard.—For further particulars apply to WILLIAM M'KNIGHT, or at M'KNIGHT and STEWART'S store, corner of Fairfax and King-streets.

may 20. eo6taw

TO PARENTS.

The annexed cases of cures performed by
HAMILTON'S
CELEBRATED WORM DESTROYING
LOZENGES.
(Selected from a very numerous list,)

ARE presented as indubitable proof of the excellence and safety of this valuable specific, for destroying worms in the human stomach and intestines.

From Mr. Benjamin Williams, No. 30, Baltimore street, two doors above south Gay-street.

I have a son six years of age, who for four years past, has been generally in a very unhealthy state, particularly in summer; frequently afflicted with alarming convulsion fits, the whole of his little frame wasted fast, his breath foetid, and almost constant itching at the nose waa excited, with other alarming symptoms. During the course of the above period, the advice and attendance of three of the most eminent physicians in Baltimore were successively procured. Each of these gentlemen, in his turn, declared worms to be the cause of the child's disorder, and exhausted his skill in attempting to expel them. Pink root, steel filings. with a variety of other medicines, were administered without the least success. It was once pronounced impossible for the child to live many hours.

I had heard of your Worm Destroying Lozenges, but with many others did not think highly of so cheap a medicine, until a gentleman of my acquaintance (Mr. Wm. S. Moore, auctioneer) in whose family they had been used with good effect, advised me to make trial of them; I accordingly gave my son a dose agreeable to directions, which soon expelled eight large worms, some of them about eight inches in length; a second dose brought away four more of similar size; a third dose being administered, no worms appeared. The child recovered and now enjoys a good state of health.

BENJAMIN WILLIAMS.

AFFIDAVIT.

Michael Duffy, residing at No. 47, Walkes street, Fell's Point, in the city of Baltimore voluntarily maketh oath that the following statement is just and true:

In the beginning of May last, my three children, a boy of seven, and two girls the one five, and the other three years of age were taken very ill, nearly at the same time, of a common fever, as I then supposed; but was soon convinced the disorder was caused by worms. They were frequently troubled with convulsion fits, and violent startings in their sleep, and with almost continual vomiting and purging, particularly the youngest. I made immediate application to a physician of the first reputation, and his medicines were administered with a confidence of success, which only increased our disappointment. The children grew daily worse, and I was absolutely without hopes of their recovery. The youngest soon appeared almost devoid of animation, and scarcely an inhabiiant of this world. In this distressing moment I was told that Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges had performed many cures in cases equally desperate. I immediately purchased a box, and gave each of them a dose, which in a few hours produced the most desirable effects.—The eldest voided a great number of very large worms, and the second thousands of small ones, many of them not a quarter of an inch—in the youngest they seemed to be consumed, and had the appearance of skin and slimy matter. I repeated the dose agreeable to the paper of directions, and they all speedily recovered a good state of health, which they still enjoy, though 5 months have nearly elapsed, since they were on the borders of the grave, and the death of the whole seemed to be inevitable.

J. SMITH.

Sworn before me, this 26th day of September, 1799.

Philadelphia, August 5, 1806.

TO H. LEE.

Some time last spring I was afflicted with loss of appetite, giddiness in the head, fever, and great debility, so that I could scarcely walk. In this distressing situation I took many things, but without benefit. An acquaintance in the country sent to me to procure a box of Hamilton's Lozenges. Curiosity prompted me to read the directions, where I fonnd my complaint exactly described by the doctor. I immediately sent for another box of the Lozenges, and took one dose, which brought away a large quantity of worms, and I felt greatly relieved. Encouraged by this, I took another dose, which was attended with the happiest effects, as it relieved me entirely, and am now in a better state of health than for a considerable time past. I have since given them to my children, and can speak from experience, that they are a most valuable medicine, and am happy to add my testimony to numberless others of their efficacy.

SARAH JOHNSON,
No. 140, north Second Street.

Among the symptoms attending Worms are, disagreeable breath, especially in the morning—bad and corrupted gums—itching in the nose, and about the seat—convulsions eppiletic fits, and sometimes privation of speech—irregular appetite, sometime loathing food and sometimes voracious—purging with slimy and fœtid stools—vomiting—large and hard belly—pains and sickness at the stomach—pains in the head and thighs, with lowness of spirits—slow fever, with a small and irregular pulse—a dry cough—excessive thirst—sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms, should have immediate recourse to *Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges,* which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

Prevention better than Cure.

In cases of head ache, foul stomach, and for removing superfluous bile, perhaps no remedy has been discovered superior to LEE'S HAHN'S ANTIBILIOUS PILLS,

Which for 10 yoars past have been attended with the greatest success. The testimony of many respectable persons in our southern sea ports has been adduced who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy during the prevalence of malignant fevers, has preserved their health after experiencing alarming symptoms of fever.

Certificate of Wm. Devenny.

During the last nine years I have been in the habit of using Hahn's Antibilious Pills, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, whenever colds, head ache, or costiveness have rendered medicine necessary; in these cases a single dose has uniformly removed my head ache, and has generally been found sufficient to remove every symptom of a cold, if taken on its first appearance. Induced by the benefit I have received, I have for years past recommended them to many of my friends, and I have the pleasure to inform you, they have invariably succeeded in removing the above complaints.

Yours, WM. DEVENNY,

ITCH CURED.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Itch, a

ORDERED,

That the Executor of Charles Wadsworth, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times a week for six weeks in the *Alexandria Daily Gazette.*

Test.

ALEXANDER MOORE, *Reg.*

THIS *is to give notice,* That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters testamentary on the estate of CHARLES WADSWORTH late of the county aforesaid, merchant, dec'd. all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 6th day of March next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 6th day of September, 1809.

James Patton, *Ex'r.*
September 6. eo6w

TO RENT,

And immediate possession given,

THE Brick Dwelling House and Store, on Fairfax street, between King and Prince-streets, together with the Wooden Warehouse an the alley, now occupied by *Lewis Deblois.*

APPLY TO
Jonah Thompson & Son.
September 15. 3taw4w

NOTICE.

THE subscriber being about to leave this place, takes the liberty to request all who have not been able to settle their accounts with him to call and settle said accounts with Mr. *Robert I. Taylor,* or Mr. *William Bartleman,* either of whose receipts, jointly or separately, shall be good against me.

Samuel M'Claud.
September 18. eo3w

PUBLIC SALE.

Under a decree of the honorable the circuit court of the district of Columbia, held at Alexandria, the subscribers will expose to public sale at the coffee-house on the 14th day of next month, on a credit of sixty and ninety days,

An Undivided moiety of a rent of £ 131 13 *per annum,*

Payable for ever, charged on a lot of ground situated at the intersection of Wolfe and Union-streets, and extending southwardly along the west side of Union street one hundred and fifteen feet, and westwardly along the south side of Wolfe street sixty two feet six inches. The payment of this rent is secured by valuable permament improvements on the lot.

And if from the sale of the above rent charge the sum required by the decree of the court cannot be raised—the subscribers will then proceed to sell, at the same place, and on the same credit—

One undivided seventh part of the reversion in fee,

Expectant on the death of Jane Roberdeau, widow of Daniel Roberdeau, deceased, in the following Lots, that is to say, one Lot on the east side of Water street between Wolfe and Wilke's streets, in front on Water-street 51 feet 3 inches, in depth 125 feet, and bounded on thee north by an alley 4 feet wide.—On this lot is erected a handsome and convenient 3 story brick dwelling house, with the usual out-houses—And two other lots adjoining each other on the west side of Union-st. between Wolfe and Wilke-streets, in front on Union-street forty one feet, in depth one hundred and twenty five feet.

R. I. Taylor.
Cuthbert Powell.
September 8. d30t

☞ *Grand Sport.*

THE Fredericksburg Races, will commence on MONDAY, the 9th day of October next, over the Rappahannock Jockey Club Course.

First Day.—The great Produce Sweepstakes, thirteen subscribers, at 200 dollars each, no produce no forfeit—2 mile heats.

SUBSCRIBERS.

1. Hay Battaile, the produce of Petworth by Buzzard.
2. William Taliaferro, [of Bath] the produce of Dido by Dare Devil.
3. John Hoomes, the produce of Alexandria by Dare Devil.
4. John Taliaferro, junior, the produce of Milly by Diomed.
5. Robert Hening, the produce of Virginia, by Dare Devil.
6. Thomas Powell and Richard Johnson, the produce of Columbia, by Dare Devil.
7. George W. Thornton, the produce of Quetlovaca, by Dare Devil.
8. John Carter, (of Bull Run) the produce of Caroline by Diomed.
9. Moses Lipscomb, the produce of Calipso by Archduke.
10. Thomas Turner, the produce of Stilla by Dare Devil.
11. Esme Smock, the produce of Fidgett, by Diomed.
12. William C. Willis, the produce of his Shark Mare by Archduke.
13. Daniel McCarty, the produce of Nettle, by Dare Devil.

Second day—The Jockey Club Races will commence with a purse of 450 dollars—four mile heats—free for any horse, mare or gelding, being started by a member of the Club.

Third day—The Jockey Club Purse of 225 dollars—two mile heats.

Fourth day—The Jockey Club Purse of 335 dollars—three mile heats.

LADIES' PLATE.

On the same day, a SWEEPSTAKE, for 100 dollars worth of Plated Harness, best three in five—mile heats—23 subscribers and still open to the day of the race.

This being the last meeting during the present club, it is hoped the members will be pointed in the payment of ther subscription. For their government I beg leave to annex the 20th article of the constitution.

Article 20th—"On the first day's race in every year, the secretary shall lay on the table, before dinner, a list of all such members as have not paid up their subscription.

Hazlewood Farish,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Fredericksburg, 8th Sept 1809 2aw6t

Public Sale.

PURSUANT to a decree of the honorable the United States circuit court for the district of Columbia, sitting in Alexandria, on Saturday, the seventh day of OCTOBER next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, I shall sell, on the premises, at public vendue, for ready money, to the highest bidder, those four adjoining Lots, or pieces of ground, as distinguished on a plan thereof in my hands, by the numbers 4, 5, 6 and 7, lying on the west side of Royal street and north of Wolfe-street, extending from the intersection of said streets and binding therewith 100 feet on Royal street and 99 feet 5 inches on Wolfe street.

Colin Auld, *Commr.*
August 31. 3aw1s

Scheme of a Lottery,

For founding a COLLEGE *in Baltimore.*

2	prizes of	20,000	is 40,000
3		10,000	30,000
3		5,000	15,000
2		2,500	5,000
10		1,000	10,000
15		500	7,500
20		200	4,000
50		100	5,000
100		50	5,000
200		20	4,000
3500		15	52,500
3500		12	42,000

7405 Prizes. 14595 Blanks. } Not two to a Prize,

Of the above Prizes the following are stationary;

First drawn Ticket			500
First	do. after	1000 Tickets	500
First	do.	2000	500
First	do.	3000	500
First	do.	4000	500
First	do.	5000	500
First	do.	6000	500
First	do.	7000	500
First	do.	8000	500
First	do.	9000	500
First	do.	10000	500
First	do.	11000	1000
First	do.	12000	1000
First	do.	13000	5000
First	do.	14000	1000
First	do.	15000	1000
First	do.	16000	10000
First	do.	17000	1000
First	do.	18000	1000
First	do.	19000	1000
First	do.	20000	1000
First	do.	21000	1000
Last drawn Ticket			1000

The above Lottery commences drawing on the first Monday in November next, and will be continued regulary at the rate of fifteen hundred tickets each week until finished.—prizes in the late New-York and Baltimore lotteries, taken in payment for tickets in this.

A correct list of the drawing will be received two or three times a week, and all tickets sold by the subscriber examined free of expence.

Present price of tickets, Ten Dollars Fifty Cents; but will in a few days be raised to Eleven Dollars—

For sale by
Robert Gray.
August 8.

Afurther Proof

OF

Yarwood's useful Washing Machine.

We the subscribers have found, on trial, Joseph Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine to answer fully the intended purpose of washing cloaths of every description, and do heredy recommend them to the public as a great saving of soap, labor and cloaths. Given under our hands this day of June, 1809.

(Signed)

Dorothea Krouse, Cathinder Calder, Ann M'Carren, Martha Abercrombie, Ruth Devon, Rebecca Hattersley, Valinda Brown, Elizabeth Black, Jane B. Swann, H. Dick, Susanna Rounsaville, Elizabeth Wilson, Elizabeth Snyder, Nancy Kell, Sarah Kelsenger, Margaret B. Manley, Mary Fendall, Mary Steel, Sarah Fitzhugh, Mary Duffey, Persia Hodgkin, Carolina Hopkins, Sarah B. M'Kenay, Elizabeth Muir, Polly Rhoades, Elizabeth Longden, Ann Snowden, Ann Davies, Mary Bogan, Mary Slade, Betsey Furner, Mary Smith, Sarah G. Janney.

With pleasure I do return my sincere thanks to the above named ladies, and many others who have favored me with their certificates and custom in the purchase of Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine. I find them still in great demand in this place, but finding a very great scarcity of plank to answer the purpose of making them here, I shall in a few days or weeks commence making them to the southward. But will endeavor to supply others at a short notice after my return. I have a few now made on hand, which can be had if applied for soon.

Wm. C. Newton,
Assignee of Joseph Yarwood.
July 24.

N. B. Mr. John Troup will superintend the making, and supplying customers in my absence.

WM. C. NEWTON.

DIRECTIONS HOW TO USE
YARWOOD'S
Patent Washing Machine.

First fill the barrel half full of your fines cloths, than fill the bottom of the Reservoir with hot suds up to the side planks, turn the Crank backwards and forwards so as to make the cloaths fall the hardest against the sides of the barrel for about twenty-five minutes, then use the same suds with a little more soap and hot water for the next finest cloaths, until the suds are unfit for use, then second your cloaths in the same way with boiling suds, after rubbing a little soap on the dirtiest parts of the cloaths; then rince them in the machine in warm or cold water: